

Attacks on Health Care in Sudan

24 June-07 July 2026



Data from Insecurity Insight shows that since fighting started between the SAF and RSF in April 2023 and 09 June 2026 at least **768 incidents** of violence against or obstruction of access to health care took place across Sudan:

- Over two-thirds of these 768 attacks were attributed to the RSF
- 213 health workers were killed, 15 kidnapped and 129 arrested
- Health facilities were damaged 218 times

During the reporting period, 42 incidents affecting health care were reported in Nyala in South Darfur where a cholera outbreak was declared on 23 June 2026, following a period of ongoing insecurity. Health facilities were damaged on 13 occasions and four health workers killed and 30 were arrested. The cumulative impact of these incidents likely weakened the capacity of the local health system before the outbreak, reducing the availability of health infrastructure and personnel needed for clinical care, disease surveillance, and infection prevention and control. Protecting health facilities, health workers and patients is essential to ensuring an effective cholera response and safeguarding civilians' access to health care.

View the incidents on our [interactive map](#). Download the [data](#). Updated every Monday and includes information on weapons use, perpetrators and effects. For events descriptions and data enquiries, please [get in touch](#). Data is continuously updated and numbers may change if/ when further information is made available. See [here](#) for methodology.

Past briefs: [10-23 June](#); [27 May-09 June](#); [13-26 May](#); [29 April-12 May](#); [15-28 April](#); [01-14 April](#); [18-31 March](#); [04-17 March](#); [18 February-03 March](#); [04-17 February](#); [21 January-03 February](#); [07-20 January](#); [All](#)

SHCC chapters (EN): [2025](#); [2024](#); [2023](#); [2022](#); [2021](#). (AR): [2025](#); [2024](#); [2023](#); [2022](#); [2021](#).

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Documented incidents

The publicly reported incidents below are not a complete nor a representative list of all incidents that affected the provision of health care between 24 June-07 July 2026. The incidents below have not been verified through ground investigations. There is a delay in reporting incidents due to our open source verification protocol.

As reported 07 July 2026: In Al Nahud locality, West Kordofan state, health conditions were reported as "catastrophic" with a near-total collapse of health services due to the absence of medical personnel, a shortage of medicines resulting from disrupted supply chains, and the destruction of most hospital infrastructure. Al Nahud has been controlled by the RSF since 01 May 2025. **Source:** [Atar Network](#)

Other resources

Food security is a major concern in Sudan. Between February and May 2026, 19.1 million people are projected to experience high levels of acute food insecurity (IPC Phase 3 or above). Insecurity Insight's monitoring of violent events showed an alarmingly high rate of conflict incidents affecting the food system, with violence at markets as well as incidents of cattle looting and killing and attacks on civilians growing food, selling or buying food reported in high numbers. Health needs are also high throughout the country. As of March 2026, two out of three people in Sudan no longer have access to essential health services and 80% of hospitals are out of service in affected areas. The lack of protection of vital civilian infrastructure is a driver of escalating humanitarian needs across Sudan.

This **brief** identifies trends and recurring patterns, highlights how the **conduct of hostilities** contributes to creating humanitarian needs, and provides insights into anticipating them. It also provides a list of actionable and practical recommendations in service of sustaining international action to mitigate harm.

Armed drones are an escalating threat in humanitarian settings, with their use expected to grow. Once rare, they are now a defining feature in modern conflicts. Adapting to the growing threat of drones means rethinking security risk measures in high-risk contexts. This practical guide by Insecurity Insight brings together current best practice and is available in **Burmese**, **English**, **French** and **Spanish**. Individual resources:

- Outside When a Drone is Spotted: **Arabic**; **Burmese**; **English**; **French**; **Spanish**
- Inside a Building During a Drone Attack: **Arabic**; **Burmese**; **English**; **French**; **Spanish**
- Responding to Drone Attacks on Aid Work: **Burmese**; **English**; **French**; **Spanish**
- Traveling in High-Risk Areas: **Burmese**; **English**; **French**; **Spanish**

Adapted for the protection of health services based on case studies on Myanmar in **English** and **Burmese**.

This document comprises threats and violence as well as protests and other events affecting the delivery of and access to health care. It is part of the **Attacks on Health Care** project by **Insecurity Insight**. It is prepared from information available in local, national and international news outlets and online databases. The incidents reported are not a complete nor a representative list of all events that affected the provision of health care and have not been independently verified. Join our **Sudan** mailing list for updates. Please **get in touch** to report an incident or if you have additional information on an incident we have reported on.

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